







We Need a Represent Another question for you:	atio	n fo	or A	ins	swe	rs		
How do we represent the three possible answers?	e	C						
Any way we want:	\mathbf{C}_1	C ₀	me	an	ing			
Our choice of representation will	0	0	A	=	в			
affect the amount of	0	1	A	<	в			
logic we need.	1	0	A	>	в			
Here's a good one	1	1	not	t us	sed			
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A Single Bit Requires	Two Minterms on A, B
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Let's start by solving a single bit.											
In this case, there are no less significant bits.											
So we consider only A and B .	A	в	\mathbf{Z}_1	\mathbf{Z}_{0}	meaning						
Fill in the meanings,	0	0	0	0	A = B						
then the bits.	0	1	0	1	A < B						
Note that \mathbf{Z}_1 and \mathbf{Z}_0	1	0	1	0	A > B						
are minterins.	1	1	0	0	A = B						
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When A and B are Equal, Pass Along the Answer										ver		
Is there any difference when A = 1 and B = 1 ?												
No, outputs are the same as the last case.												
A B	\mathbf{C}_1	\mathbf{C}_{0}	me	an	ing	\mathbf{Z}_1	\mathbf{Z}_{0}	me	an	ing		
11	0	0	Α	=	в	0	0	А	=	в	-	
11	0	1	А	<	в	0	1	А	<	в		
11	1	0	A	>	в	1	0	А	>	в		
11	1	1		???		x	\mathbf{x}	don	i't c	eare		
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When A and B Differ, Override the Previous Answer											
What about case of $A = 0$ and $B = 1$?											
Always output A < B (for valid inputs).											
ABC ₁ C ₀	meaning	$\mathbf{Z}_1 \ \mathbf{Z}_0$	meaning								
0100	A = B	0 1	A < B								
0101	A < B	0 1	A < B								
0110	A > B	0 1	A < B								
0111	???	хх	don't care								
	I										
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