

Write a truth table for $C = F(A)$	B) .		
But instead of filling in values,	Α	В	C
call the outputs c _i .	0	0	\mathbf{c}_{0}
The four $\mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{i}}$ values	0	1	\mathbf{c}_1
uniquely specify F .	1	0	Ca
lf we change any c _i , we get a different function.	1	1	c ₃
We thus have $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 2^4$ cho	nices f	or F	י

Three Bits of Input (Can be Cor	nbi	ned	into
What about N=3 :	Α	В	С	D
$\mathbf{D} = \mathbf{G}(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B}, \mathbf{C})?$	0	0	0	\mathbf{d}_{0}
We can again write	0	0	1	\mathbf{d}_1
a truth table.	0	1	0	\mathbf{d}_2
And call the outputs d _j	i∙ 0	1	1	\mathbf{d}_3
Now we have	1	0	0	\mathbf{d}_4
2 ⁸ choices for G.	1	0	1	\mathbf{d}_5
Notice that $2^8 = 2^{(2^3)}$.	1	1	0	\mathbf{d}_{6}
	1	1	1	d ₇
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Alternate Homework: Understand Logical Completeness

Claim:

With enough 2-input AND, 2-input OR, and NOT functions, one can produce any function on any number of variables.

Believe me?

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Proof: by construction

In other words, I'll show you how to produce an arbitrary function on an arbitrary number of variables.

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slide 7





The Claim is Now Slightly Simpler
Claim:
With enough 2-imput AND, 2-imput OR, and NOT functions, I can produce any function on any number of variables .
(For OR functions, use the same approach as we did with AND functions, replacing AND with OR.)
Let's first consider functions that

• produce an output of 1

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• for exactly one combination of inputs (one row of the function's truth table).

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slide 11

One AND Suffices for Functions that Output One 1

The function Q(A,B,C) is an	Α	В	C	Q
example of such a function.	0	0	0	0
When is Q=1 ?	0	0	1	0
Only when	0	1	0	0
A=1 AND B=0 AND C=1.	0	1	1	0
Note that B=0 when	1	0	0	0
(NOT B) = 1.	1	0	1	1
In other words, Q = AB'C .	1	1	0	0
	1	1	1	0
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slide 15

{AND, OR, NOT} is Logically Complete

Definition: The set {AND, OR, NOT} is logically complete because, as we showed, any Boolean logic function on any number of inputs can be produced using only AND, OR, and NOT.
To show that another set is logically complete

You need not construct arbitrary functions.
You need only show how to construct AND, OR, and NOT.

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Why Do You Care? Abstraction!
Imagine working on a new device technology.

Maybe it's based on DNA.

Maybe it's based on new semiconductors.
Maybe it's based on carbon nanotubes.
Maybe you're still finishing your degree?!
Mat do you need to be able to build in order to replace the current technology?
AND, OR, and NOT.
Other people can then build higher layers of abstraction!

Example: 3-input X	KOR			
Let's build XOR as an	Α	В	С	x
example.	0	0	0	0
First, write the truth ta	ıble. <mark>0</mark>	0	1	1
What function produces	3 0	1	0	1
this row? A'B'C	0	1	1	0
And this row? A'BC'	1	0	0	1
And this one? AB'C'	1	0	1	0
And this one? ABC	1	1	0	0
	1	1	1	1
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